

ITED STATES

EXCHANGE COMMISSION

agton, D.C. 28549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT

FORM X-17A-5 PART III

ion 17 of the Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIO	BEGINNING _	01/01/2001	_ AND ENDING _	12/31/2001
		MB4/DD/YY		NDM/DD/YY
	A. REC	SISTRANT IDENTIFIC	ATION	
AME OF BROKER-DEALI	ER: WHARTO	N EQUITY CORPORATION		
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*Claims for exemption from th	ne requirement that	t the annual report be covered	hy the opinion of an	

must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

SEC 1410 (3-91)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of infor contained in this form are not required to respond unless the a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

st of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and WHARTON EQUITY CORPORATION	supporting schedules percanning to the initi of
DECEMBER 31 2001 are true and correct. I furth	er swear (or affirm) that neither the company
r any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary	
customer, except as follows:	
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(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	and the second of the second o
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(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	
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 (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Cree (g) Computation of Net Capital 	
(g) Computation of Net Capital (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant	to Pule 15c2_3
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Ur	
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Comput	
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under	
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Fi	nancial Condition with respect to methods of co
solidation.	
(I) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
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WHARTON EQUITY CORPORATION

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Certified Public Accountants Business Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Stockholder Wharton Equity Corporation Wayne, Pennsylvania

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of Wharton Equity Corporation as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity and cash flows for the years then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Wharton Equity Corporation at December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The schedules on pages 8-10 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements, and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

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January 15, 2002

	2001	2000
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 85,772	\$145,604
Concessions receivable	144,597	97,341
Brokerage house deposits	52,577	50,791
Federal tax refund receivable	4,000	-
Prepaid expenses	16,090	2,964
TOTAL ASSETS	\$303,036	\$296,700
LIABILITIES		•
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Commissions payable	\$117,543	\$ 75,647
Accounts payable	3,662	9,204
TOTAL LIABILITIES	121,205	84,851
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY		
COMMON STOCK - no par value; 1,000 shares authorized,		
issued and outstanding	8,025	8,025
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL	36,475	36,475
DETAINED FADNINGS	137,331	167,349
RETAINED EARNINGS	101,001	107,070
TOTAL STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	181,831	211,849
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	\$303,036	\$296,700

	2001	2000
REVENUE		
Concessions	\$2,423,138	\$2,857,473
Miscellaneous	33,459	3,691
Interest	3,818	13,808
	2,460,415	2,874,972
OPERATING EXPENSES	2,494,433	2,825,563
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(34,018)	49,409
REFUND (PROVISION) FOR INCOME TAXES	4,000	(11,700)
NET (LOSS) INCOME	\$ (30,018)	\$ 37,709

	2001	2000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net increase (decrease) in cash	\$ (30,018)	\$ 37,709
Increase in assets Concessions receivable Brokerage house deposits Federal tax refund receivable Prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in liabilities	(47,256) (1,786) (4,000) (13,126)	(10,269) (11,673) - (770)
Commissions payable Accounts payable	41,896 (5,542)	6,690 (2,251)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(59,832)	19,436
CASH - BEGINNING OF YEAR	145,604	126,168
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$ 85,772	\$145,604
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION Cash paid during the year for: Income taxes	\$ 20,504	<u>\$ 4,212</u>

		ommon Stock	F	dditional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	 Total ckholder's Equity
BALANCE - JANUARY 1, 2000	\$	8,025	\$	36,475	\$ 129,640	\$ 174,140
NET INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000		-		<u>-</u> _	37,709	 37,709
BALANCE - DECEMBER 31, 2000		8,025		36,475	167,349	211,849
NET LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001		-		· <u>-</u>	(30,018)	 (30,018)
BALANCE - DECEMBER 31, 2001	\$	8,025	\$	36,475	\$ 137,331	\$ 181,831

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Formation and Nature of Operations

Wharton Equity Corporation was incorporated in Delaware on March 16, 1981. The Company sells investments on a concession basis to customers located in the Eastern United States.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires the use of estimates based on management's knowledge and experience. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concessions Receivable

Concessions are recognized as income on the date they become payable by the dealer or insurance company. No allowance for bad debts is considered necessary.

Income Taxes

The Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109 (SFAS No. 109), "Accounting for Income Taxes." Under SFAS No. 109, an asset and liability approach is required. Such an approach would result in the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the book carrying amounts and the tax basis of assets and liabilities.

Since there are no temporary differences, no provision is necessary.

Comprehensive Income

The company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income," beginning January 1, 1998. Comprehensive income is a more inclusive financial reporting methodology that includes disclosure of certain financial information that historically has not been recognized in the calculation of net income.

Since the company has no items of other comprehensive income, no separate statement of comprehensive income has been presented.

NOTE 2 - CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK INVOLVING CASH

During the year, the Company may have deposits with major financial institutions, which exceed Federal Depository Insurance limits. These financial institutions have strong credit ratings, and management believes that credit risk related to these deposits is minimal.

NOTE 3 - CORPORATE INCOME TAXES

Current income tax expense for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 consists of the following:

	2001	2000
Federal (Refund)	\$ (4,000)	\$ 6,700
State		5,000
	<u>\$ (4,000)</u>	\$11,700

NOTE 4 - NET CAPITAL

Pursuant to the net capital provision of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under such provision. Net capital may fluctuate on a daily basis. The Company had net capital as defined under Rule 15c3-1 of \$134,687 and \$187,191 at December 31, 2001 and 2000; net capital requirements were \$50,000 at December 31, 2001 and 2000.

NOTE 5 - LEASES

For the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, total rental expense under leases amounted to \$15,222 and \$14,674. At December 31, 2001, the company was obligated under a non-cancelable operating lease arrangement for office facilities as follows:

YEARS ENDING DECEMBER 31,	LEASE OBLIGATION
2002	\$15,150
2003	15,150
2004	15,150
2005	12,625
TOTAL	\$58,075

	2001	2000
Commissions	\$2,075,421	\$2,457,047
Payroll - officers	235,012	233,060
Payroll taxes and benefits	22,142	25,601
Office supplies and expense	118,106	66,485
Rent	15,222	14,674
Insurance	1,840	2,060
Officer's life insurance	-	534
Health insurance	3,618	3,052
Professional fees	9,371	12,801
Registration fees	7,134	4,285
Telephone	4,140	4,211
Miscellaneous taxes	1,086	1,040
Publications and subscriptions	1,341	713_
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$2,494,433	<u>\$2,825,563</u>

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2001

CAPITAL AND ALLOWABLE SUBORDINATED LIABILITIES Total stockholder's equity qualified for net capital	\$181,831
DEDUCTIONS Non-allowable assets: Prepaid expenses Excess of concessions receivable over commissions payable	20,090 27,054 47,144
NET CAPITAL	\$134,687
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS Items included in statement of financial condition: Commissions payable Accounts payable Total aggregate indebtedness	\$117,543 3,662 \$121,205
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT	
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIRED: (BASED ON AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS)	\$ 8,080
MINIMUM DOLLAR NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT OF REPORTING DEALER	\$ 50,000
NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT	\$ 50,000
EXCESS NET CAPITAL	\$ 84,687
RATIO: AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL	.90 to 1

AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION DECEMBER 31, 2001

NET CAPITAL RECONCILIATION UNDER THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION RULE 17a-5(d)(4)

Net capital as reported on (unaudited) FOCUS Report Part IIA -	
December 31, 2001 (as amended)	\$144,047
Decrease of prepaid expenses	(2,216)
Adjustment of non-allowable assets	(7,144)
NET CAPITAL	\$134,687

Certified Public Accountants Business Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

Wharton Equity Corporation Wayne, Pennsylvania

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Wharton Equity Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2001, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the

(Continued)

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2001 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, NASD, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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January 15, 2002